

Component Maintenance Manual

For Nickel-Cadmium Battery

Aircraft Batteries

MarathonNorco Aerospace, Inc.

P.O. Box 8233 Waco TX. 76714-8233 Phone: (254) 776-0650 8301 Imperial Drive Waco, TX. 76712-6588 Fax: (254) 776-6558

E-Mail: marathon@mptc.com Website: www.mnaerospace.com

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

RECORD OF REVISIONS

Original Issue Date: JUN 23/97

Rev	Issue	Date		Rev	Issue	Date		Rev	Issue	Dated	
No.	Date	Inserted	By	 No.	Date	Inserted	By	No.	Date	Inserted	By
1	10/23/97										
2	06/30/99										
3	09/04/01										
4	03/28/03										
5	11/30/03										
6	11/19/04										

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

RECORD OF TEMPORARY REVISIONS

Page Number	Issue Date	By	Date Removed	By
	Page Number	Page Issue Number Date	Page Number Issue Date By Image: Date Image: Date Image: Date Image: Date Image: Date Image: Da	Page NumberIssue DateDateNumberDateByRemovedImage: Strate

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

SERVICE BULLETIN LIST

Number	Revision	Date

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

<u>SUBJECT</u>	PAGE	DATE	<u>SUBJECT</u>	PAGE	DATE
Title	T-2	NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03	Charge	Page 501 Page 502 Page 503	NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
Record of Revisions	RR-1 RR-2	NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03	Electrolyte Level Adjustment	Page 601 Page 602 Page 603	NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
Record of Temp Revisions	RTR-1 RTR-2	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03		Page 604 Page 605	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
Service Bulletin List	SBL-1 SBL-2	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03	Capacity Test	Page 701 Page 702	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
List of Effective Pages	LEP-1 LEP-2	NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03	Reconditioning	Page 801	NOV 30/03
Table of Contents	TC-1 TC-2	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03	Cleaning	Page 901 Page 902	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
Introduction Definitions of Battery	INTRO-1	NOV 19/04	Replacement of Cells And Battery Repair	Page 1001 Page 1002	NOV 19/04 NOV 19/04
Terms	INTRO-2 INTRO-3	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03	Battery Disassembly & Reassembly	Page 1101 Page 1102	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
	INTRO-4 INTRO-5 INTRO-6	NOV 19/04 NOV 19/04 NOV 19/04	Battery Maintenance Flow Chart	Page 1201 Page 1202	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
Description and Operation	Page 1 Page 2 Page 3 Page 4	NOV 30/03 NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03	Trouble Shooting	Page 1301 Page 1302 Page 1303	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
Inspection	Page 101	NOV 19/04	Storage	Page 1401	NOV 30/03
	Page 102 Page 103 Page 104 Page 105	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03	Shipping	Page 1501 Page 1502 Page 1503	NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03
	Page 106	NOV 30/03	Warranty Information	Page 1601 Page 1602	NOV 19/04 NOV 19/04
Electrical Leakage	Page 201	NOV 19/04	Special Tools	Page 1701	NOV 19/04
Torquing Requirements	Page 301	NOV 30/03	Recording Keeping	Page 1801	NOV 30/03
Sensor Assembly Inspection	Page 401 Page 402 Page 403 Page 404 Page 405 Page 406 Page 407 Page 408	NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03 NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03 NOV 19/04 NOV 30/03 NOV 30/03		Page 1802	NOV 30/03

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SUBJECT</u>	PAGE
Introduction	INTRO-1
Description and Operation	1
Inspection	101
Electrical Leakage	201
Torquing Requirements	301
Sensor Assembly Inspection	401
Charge	501
Electrolyte Level Adjustment	601
Capacity Test	701
Reconditioning	801
Cleaning	901
Replacement of Cells and Battery Repair	1001
Battery Disassembly and Reassembly	1101
Battery Maintenance Flow Chart	1201
Trouble-Shooting	1301
Storage	1401
Shipping	1501
Warranty Information	1601
Special Tools	1701
Record Keeping	1801

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

LIST OF FIGURES, ILLUSTRATIONS AND TABLES

		PAGE #
Constant Current Charge Curve	Figure 1	1
Typical Constant Current Discharge Curve	Figure 2	3
Recommended Voltage Regulator Settings	Table 1	103
Temperature Charge Voltage Relationship	Figure 3	104
Torquing Requirements	Table 2	301
Temperature Sensor Specifications	Table 3	402
Battery Capacity and Constant Current Charge Rates	Table 4	503
Syringe and Nozzle Assembly	Figure 4	601
Syringe and Nozzle Assembly Application	Table 5	601
Maximum Allowable Water Consumption	Table 6	603
Proper Electrolyte Level Adjustment	Figure 5	604
Water Loss at Various Rates of Overcharge	Figure 6	605
Theoretical Water Loss and Volume of Gas Resulting from Overcharge	Figure 7	605
Capacity test Rates	Table 7	702
Inspection Gauge	Figure 8	1701
One-Ohm power Resistor	Figure 9	1701

TC-2 NOV 30/03

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

INTRODUCTION

This manual contains shop verified instructions for proper installation, operation and maintenance of MarathonNorco's Nickel-Cadmium batteries. These instructions are grouped in topics shown in the Table of Contents. They are for the operation, testing, and repair of MarathonNorco's battery products.

WARNING: SERIOUS INJURY CAN RESULT FROM CARELESSNESS WHILE HANDLING AND WORKING WITH NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERIES. PLEASE OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING SAFETY RULES WHILE WORKING WITH THESE BATTERIES.

- 1. Remove all metal articles such as bracelets and rings.
- 2. Metal tools must be insulated.
- 3. Wear protective clothing and eye protection. The electrolyte can cause burns if in contact with skin or eyes.
- 4. Do not smoke or hold naked flames near batteries on charge. These batteries give off a mixture of oxygen and hydrogen during charge which, if allowed to accumulate in a confined space, could cause an explosion. Do not charge the battery on the bench with the cover on.
- 5. Do not mix lead-acid and nickel-cadmium battery servicing in the same shop area.
- 6. Do not use petroleum spirits, trichloroethylene or other solvents.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CAUTIONS AND WARNINGS STATED THROUGHOUT THIS MANUAL BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH SERVICING PROCEDURES.

CARELESSNESS MAY RESULT IN THE RAPID AND UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF ELECTRICAL, CHEMICAL OR HEAT ENERGY.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

DEFINITIONS OF COMMONLY USED BATTERY TERMS

Ampere Hours

A unit of electrical measurement used to describe the capacity of a cell or battery. The product of discharge current (in amperes) X the time of discharge (in hours). It is also used to describe the amount of electrical energy put back into a battery during the charging process. Abbreviated as Ah or Amp. hrs.

Capacity

A measure of the stored electrical energy that is available from a charged battery. Generally expressed in Ampere Hours, or as a % of the nominal (nameplate) capacity

Constant Current Charging

A method used to charge a battery in which a predetermined, fixed current is passed through it.

Constant Potential Charging (Constant Voltage)

This refers to a method in which a fixed voltage source is applied across the battery terminals. The charge current is variable and depends primarily upon the difference in voltage between the voltage source and that of the battery. The initial charge current is high and decreases as the battery accepts the charge and its voltage increases.

Trickle Charge

A continuous constant current, low-rate charge (slightly more than the self-discharge rate) suitable to maintain a battery in a fully charged condition.

Rated or Nominal Capacity

The nominal nameplate capacity rating of a nickelcadmium battery generally refers to the number of Ampere-hours that the battery can deliver when discharged at the 1-hour rate to 1.0 volt per cell.

"C" Rate

That discharge rate, in nominal or nameplate amperes, at which a battery or cell will yield its capacity to a 1.0 volt per cell endpoint in one hour. Fractions or multiples of the C rate are also used. C/5 refers to the rate at which a battery will discharge its capacity in 5 hours. 2C is twice the C rate or that rate at which a battery will discharge its capacity in about 1/2 hour. Example: a 25 ampere-hour battery will have a C rate of 25 amperes, a C/5 rate of 5 amperes and a 2C rate of 50 amperes. This rating system helps to compare the performance of different sizes of cells and batteries.

State of Charge

The amount of stored energy (capacity) available in a rechargeable battery. Usually expressed as a percentage of its full capacity.

Electrolyte

The conductive medium that provides for the movement of ions (current flow) between the positive and negative plates of a cell; an alkaline solution of Potassium Hydroxide in nickel-cadmium aircraft cells.

End-of-Charge Voltage

The voltage of a battery at the conclusion of a charge measured while the battery is still on charge.

Fading

The loss of capacity that occurs when a battery is cycled with minimal overcharge. A correctable condition through re-conditioning

Separator

A material that is used to prevent the metallic contact between the positive and negative plates.

Gas Barrier

A membrane in the separator system that prohibits the recombination of oxygen (produced at the positive plate) on negative plate.

Nominal Voltage (Name Plate)

The voltage of a fully charged cell or battery while delivering current. The nominal voltage of a nickel-cadmium battery cell is 1.2 volts, therefore a 20 cell battery would have a nominal voltage of 24 volts, and a 19 cell is 22.8 volts. (Note: Older batteries use a different convention for nominal voltage).

Open Circuit Voltage

The voltage of a battery at rest, that is, with no charge or discharge current flowing.



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Deep Discharge (Cycle)

A discharge in which most or all of the available capacity is withdrawn from a battery and the cells are brought individually to a zero volt condition.

Reconditioning

A procedure consisting of a deep discharge and a constant current charge that is used to correct cell imbalance that may occur during continual cyclic use of a rechargeable battery.

Shorting Clip

A short length of wire (with or without a low value resistor) or a metal spring, used to "short" a cell to zero volts.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

MarathonNorco Aircraft Batteries

(Page 1 of 3)

Battery Type	Cell Type	Battery Type	Cell Type	Battery Type	Cell Type	Battery Type	Cell Type
5-81H120	81H120	ATSP-441	40SP100	BB708/A	5H120	CA-154-2	15M220
10-5H120	5H120	ATSP-900L-1	24SP100	BTCA-5	36H120	CA-154-2A	15M220
10-20H120	20H120	BA02-04	5H120	BTCA-5-20	36H120	CA-154-3A	15M220
10-65H120	65H132	BA02-05 Blackhawk	5H120	BTCA-9-20	24H120	CA-154-4	15M220
10-81H120	81H120	BB400	3H120	BTCA-9-20A	24H120	CA-154-5	15M220
18-6H120	6H120	BB415/U	10H120	BTMA-5	36H120	CA-154-7	15M220
19-10H120	10H120	BB432/A	12M220	BTMA-5-20	36H120	CA-16N	36H120
19-10H120 (AH-64)	10H120	BB432A/A	12H120	BTSP-179	17SP100	CA-1700	17H100
19-24H120	24H120	BB432B/A	12H120C	BTSP-400	40SP100	CA-170A	17H100
20-5H120	5H120	BB433/A	36H120	BTSP-4445L	44SP100	CA-174	17H100
20-14M220 (F-16 to Block 40)	14M220	BB433A/A	36H120	BTSP-900AT	24SP100	CA-20H	20H120
20-18H120 (F16 Block-50+)	18H120	BB434/A	24H120C	CA-101	10H120	CA-20H-20	20H120
23-H120 (F-18 Conversion)	3H120	BB476/A	10HE120	CA-103	10H120	CA-21H-1	20H120
ATCA-21H	20H120	BB600A/A	36H120	CA-106	10H120	CA-21H-20	20H120
ATCA-21H-1	20H120	BB641	10H120	CA-10N	10H120	CA-24A	24M220CR
ATCA-21H-2	20H120	BB649A/A	20H120	CA-121	12M220	CA-27	24ME220
ATCA-21H-2H	20H120	BB664/A	10HE120C	CA-125	3H120	CA-27-20	24ME220
ATSP-280	28SP100	BB672/U	3H120	CA-125-20	3H120	CA-27-20C	24ME220C
ATSP-400	40SP100	BB676	10H120	CA-126	3H120	CA-31	3H120
ATSP-400-2	40SP100	BB678A/A	10H120	CA-13	36H120	CA-376	36H120

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

MarathonNorco Aircraft Batteries

	(Page 2 of 3)											
Battery Type	Cell Type	Battery Type	Cell Type	Battery Type	Cell Type	Battery Type	Cell Type					
ATSP-44	44SP100	BB693/U	36H120C	CA-154-1	15M220	CA-4	24M220CR					
CA-4-20	24M220CR	DTSP-400L	40SP100	81757/13-1	36H120	SP-401	38SP100					
CA-51	5H120	Goalkeeper 142D5750	20SPE100	MA-2	65H132	SP-444L	44SP100					
CA-53	5H120	GP-180	38SP100	MA-300H	3H120	SP-747	38SP100					
CA-54-1	5H120	GSP-400	44SP100	MA-5-C	36H120	SP-900A	24SP100					
CA-54-2	5H120	GTSP-400	44SP100	MA-5-20	36H120	SP-910	24SP100					
CA-54-3	5H120	KSP-400	40SP100	MA-500H (Com)	5H120	SP400	40SP100					
CA-54-3C	5H120	KSP-400L	44SP100	MA-500H	5H120	SP900	24SP100					
CA-5H	36H120	KTCA-21H-20	20H120	MA510	5H120	STCA-16L	36H120					
CA-7	12M220	81757/7-2	12H120	MA-7	12M220	STCA-16L-2	36H120					
CA-727-20	24M220CR	81757/7-3	12H120	MA-9	24H120	STCA-930A	24H100					
CA-727-20CR	24M220CR	81757/8-2	24H120	MA-11	24M220CR	STMA-2	65H132					
CA-727-7	24M220CR	81757/8-3	24H120	PTMA-5-20	36H120	STMA-5-20	36H120					
CA-727-9	24H100	81757/8-4	24H120	PTSP-400	40SP100	STMA-9	24H120					
CA-9	24H120	81757/8-5	24H120	SP-138	38SP100	STSP-400	40SP100					
CA-9-20	24H120	81757/9-2	36H120	SP-1700	17SP100	STSP-403	40SP100					
CA-9-20A	24H120	81757/9-3	36H120	SP-170A	17SP100	STSP-444	44SP100					
CTCA-21H-1	20H120	81757/10-1	6H120	SP-176	17SP100	STSP444L	44SP100					
CTSP-280	28SP100	81757/11-1	24H120	SP-178	17SP100	STSP-901	24SP100					
CTSP-280-1	28SP100	81757/11-2	24H120	SP-276	24SP100	STSP-930	24SP100					
CTSP-400	40SP100	81757/11-3	24H120	SP-280	28SP100	TCA-103C	10H120C					
DTSP-280L	28SP100	81757/11-4	24H120	SP-376	44SP100	TCA106	10H120					

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

MarathonNorco Aircraft Batteries

(Page 3 of 3)

Battery Type	Cell Type						
TCA-106-3	10H120	TSP-1742	17SP100	TSP44204B	44SP100		
TCA-1735	17H100	TSP-1753	17SP100	TSP-46-1	46SPE100	_	
TCA-1742	17H100	TSP-1754	17SP100	TSTSP-940	24SP100		
TCA-1752	17H100	TSP-1755	17SP100	UTSP-400	40SP100		
TCA-1753	17H100	TSP-1757	17SP100	UTSP-440	40SP100		
TCA-183CH	18H120	TSP-1760L	17SP100	UTSP-460L	44SP100		
TCA-21H	20H120	TSP-1760-L-1	17SP100	UTSP-460L-1	44SP100		
TCA-21H-20	20H120	TSP280	28SP100	TSP-408L-1	40SP100		
TCA-5-20	36H120	TSP-281	28SP100	TSP-1708-U-1	17SP100	_	
TCA-5-20-1	36H120C	TSP-283	28SP100				
TCA-52	52H120C	TSP-400WB	40SP100				
TCA-7	12M220	TSP-400X	40SP100				
TMA-4	24M220CR	TSP-40204B	40SP100				
TMA-5-20	36H120	TSP-410	40SP100				
TPSP-941	24SP100	TSP-414	44SP100				
TPSTSP-941	24SP100	TSP-420L	40SP100	_		_	
TSP-17081	17SP100	TSP434	44SP100				
TSP-1722	17SP100	TSP-440	40SP100				
TSP-1728	17SP100	TSP-4412	44SP100				
TSP-1735	17SP100	TSP-442	44SP100				

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

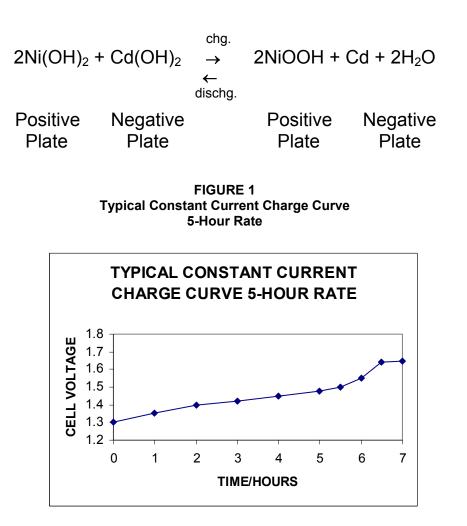
DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

DESCRIPTION General

The nickel-cadmium battery cell is an electrochemical system in which the active materials contained in the plates undergo changes in oxidation state with very little change in electrolyte concentration due to the production or consumption of water. These active materials are virtually insoluble in the alkaline (potassium hydroxide) electrolyte in any oxidation state. As a result the electrodes are very long-lived.

Some of the electrochemical mechanisms involved in the charge, discharge, and storage of the nickelcadmium battery cell are rather complex. This is especially true of the positive plate. A brief simplified account of the essential reactions is offered in order to help initiate the reader into the theory and principles of this system and thus further the understanding of the operation of the battery and the role played by its main components.

GENERAL NICKEL-CADMIUM EQUATION,



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Charge

Charging results in the conversion of electrical energy to stored chemical energy. The active materials, in a discharged condition, are cadmium hydroxide in the negative plates and nickel hydroxide in the positive plates. With the application of a charging current, these active materials undergo a chemical change. The negative material (Cadmium Hydroxide) gradually gains electrons and is converted to metallic cadmium (Cd); the positive material is gradually brought to a higher state of oxidation (loses electrons). As long as the charging current continues to flow through the battery, these changes will take place until the active materials in both electrodes are completely converted, at which point, overcharge commences.

Toward the end of the process (as the materials approach a full charge condition), and during overcharge, gas will be evolved and released through the cell vent. This gas results from the electrolysis of the water component of the electrolyte. The gas evolved at the negative plates is hydrogen and at the positive plates is oxygen. The amount of gas evolved depends upon the charge rate during the period in which the cells are being overcharged. After complete conversion of the active materials has occurred, the further application of charge current will only cause further electrolysis of the water and I²R heating.

Discharge

Discharging results in the conversion of the chemical energy stored in the cell to electrical energy. During discharge, the chemical reactions which occurred in charging are reversed. The active material (Cd) in the negative plates gradually loses electrons and changes to cadmium hydroxide. The active material in the positive plates gains electrons and changes to nickel hydroxide. No gassing occurs during a normal discharge. The insolubility of the active materials and the fact that the potassium hydroxide does not participate in the cell reaction results in the very flat Ni-Cd discharge voltage curve.

The rate at which the conversions take place is primarily determined by the external resistance (load) introduced into the circuit in which the cell is connected. Due to its construction, the MarathonNorco cell has an extremely low internal resistance, and its ability to deliver high currents is due to this factor.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Charge, Discharge and overcharge equations:

Positive plate

Charge	\rightarrow		
Discharge	←		
2Ni(OH) ₂ + 2		\rightarrow	2Ni OOH + 2H ₂ O + 2e ⁻
(Nickel Hydro	oxide)	←	(Nickel Oxy Hydroxide)
Övercharge			
4(OH) ⁻		0 ± 6	2H ₂ O + 4e ⁻
4(011)	\rightarrow	$O_2 + A$	21120 + 46

Negative Plate

Charge \rightarrow Discharge \leftarrow

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Cd(OH)_2 + 2e^{-} \rightarrow & Cd^{\circ} + 2(OH)^{-} \\ (Cadmium Hydroxide) & (Cadmium) \\ Overcharge \\ 4H_2O + 4e^{-} \rightarrow & 2H_2 + 4(OH) \end{array}$

Overcharge (Net Cell Reaction)

$$\begin{array}{cc} 4e^{-} \\ 2H_2O \rightarrow & 2H_2 + O_2 \end{array}$$



Figure 2 TYPICAL CONSTANT CURRENT DISCHARGE CURVES

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Capacity

Capacity is measured quantitatively in ampere-hours delivered at a specified discharge rate to a specified cut-off voltage at room temperature. The cut-off voltage is 1.0 volt per cell.

Battery available capacity depends upon several factors including such items as:

- 1. Cell design (cell geometry, plate thickness, hardware, and terminal design govern performance under specific usage conditions of temperature, discharge rate, etc.).
- 2. Discharge rate (high current rates yield less capacity than low rates).
- 3. Temperature (capacity and voltage levels decrease as battery temperature moves away from the 60°F (16°C) to 90°F (32°C) range toward the high and low extremes).
- 4. Charge rate (higher charge rates generally yield greater capacity).



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

1.0 INSPECTION

1.1 Delivery Inspection

When the battery is unpacked, a thorough inspection should be made to ensure that no damage occurred during shipment. Inspect the shipping container as well as the battery. Before putting the battery into service, check the following points carefully.

1.1.1 Damage

See if any liquid has spilled into the shipping container. This may be a sign of a damaged cell. Check for dented battery container. Check for cracked cell cases or covers. Do not place a damaged battery into service. Report any signs of improper handling to the shipping company.

1.1.2 Shorting straps

Some batteries are shipped with shorting devices across the main power receptacle output terminals. Before subjecting battery to electrical service this device must be removed

1.1.3 Electrical connections

Test all terminal hardware to ensure tightness. If necessary retorque them to the proper value. Poor electrical contact between mating surfaces may reduce discharge voltage, cause local overheating and damage the battery.

1.14 Liquid level - Do not add water to a battery except near the end of a constant current charge. Some exceptions may be noted later.

Addition of water, except at the proper time during the charge will cause spewing of electrolyte to take place during the subsequent charge. MarathonNorco batteries are shipped with the proper amounts of electrolyte. When a battery has been discharged or allowed to stand for a long period of time, the electrolyte becomes absorbed into the plates. Since the battery has been shipped in a discharged condition, the liquid level of the cells may appear to be low. Charging the battery will cause the liquid level of the individual cells to rise to the proper operating level. If this does not happen, add sufficient distilled or demineralized water (using the proper syringe and nozzle) to the cells during the last 15 minutes of the topping charge, until the correct liquid level is reached.

BEFORE CHARGING THE BATTERY READ AND BECOME FAMILIAR WITH THE CHARGE PROCEDURE.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

WARNING: THE ELECTOLYTE USED IN NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERIES IS A STRONG CAUSTIC SOLUTION OF POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE. USE RUBBER GLOVES, AN APRON AND A FACE SHIELD WHEN REPAIRING OR SERVICING THE BATTERY. IF ELECTROLYTE IS SPILLED OR SPRAYED ON CLOTHING OR OTHER MATERIALS, IT SHOULD BE BATHED IMMEDIATELY WITH LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER NEUTRALIZED WITH A WEAK ACID SOLUTION SUCH AS VINEGAR. IF ELECTROLYTE GETS INTO THE EYES, FLUSH COPIOUSLY WITH WATER AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

1.2 INSPECTION IN THE AIRCRAFT

1.2.1 Vent Lines

When installing a battery in the aircraft, check the vent lines for obstructions, leaks or damage of any kind and repair or replace. Check battery box vents for obstructions or cracks and repair.

1.2.1 Battery Disconnect

The following procedure defines an inspection program to field check the aircraft battery quick disconnect.

1.2.2 Equipment Required

Quick disconnect inspection gauge (Reference Special tools).

1.2.4 Procedure

Inspection of Battery Quick Disconnect: Remove all electrical loads from the battery then disengage the battery disconnect from the mating receptacle, and inspect for the following:

- **A.** Evidence of corrosion or pitting of the power contacts.
- **B.** Excessive free-play in the handwheel- worn assembly, broken pins.
- **C.** Evidence of arcing of burn marks on the power contacts. This is caused when the disconnect is removed under electrical load.
- **D.** Insert the .385 inch diameter end of the inspection gauge into each power contact to a depth of .437 inches. The fit shall be snug with a force to remove greater than one (1) pound. This is to test the resiliency of the power contact to an oversized pin.
- E. Insert the .370 inch diameter end of the inspection gauge into each power contact to a depth of .437 inches. The fit shall also be snug with a nominal force to remove one (1) pound. This will ensure proper contact to a worn or undersized contact pin.
- **F.** Replace if required.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

1.2.5 Voltage Regulator

The voltage regulator should be set at a level consistent with the normal ambient temperature band and should be set on the aircraft after a start and a few minutes into the charging period (seeTable 1). Periodic checks to correct out- of-tolerance regulators and replacement of defective units will reduce the possibility of inadvertent increases in charging voltage with the resultant rise in charge current and battery temperature and water consumption.

Recommended voltage settings measured at the battery terminals and applicable to room temperature conditions, under a known time span of 4 hours are shown in Table 1. (These are nominal values computed by multiplying the number of cells in the battery by a factor of approximately 1.5). For voltage regulation at ambient temperature higher or lower than $75^{\circ}F$ (24° C), see Figure 3.

Number of Cells	Nominal Battery Voltage	Time In Hours	Voltage	Maximum* Voltage Regulator Setting
5	6	2-4	7.5-7.75	7.50
10	12	2-4	15.0-15.5	15.00
12	15	2-4	18.0-18.5	18.00
19	22.8	2-4	28.0-29.0	28.50
20	24	2-4	28.5-30.0	30.00
22	26.0	2-4	31.0-33.5	33.00

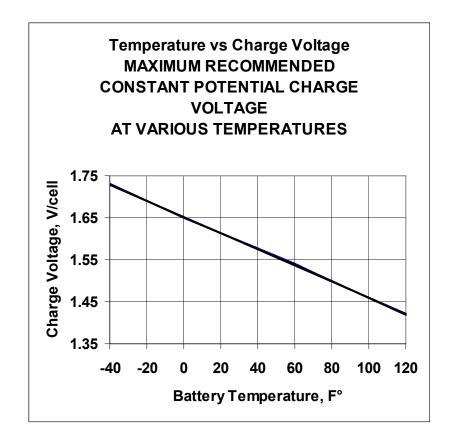
Table 1 - Recommended Voltage Regulator Setting at 75°F (24°C)

* Constant potential charging voltage and time apply to all ampere-hour ratings, subject only to number of cells per battery

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Figure 3

Temperature vs Charge Voltage Relationship MAXIMUM RECOMMENDED CONSTANT POTENTIAL CELL CHARGE VOLTAGE AT VARIOUS TEMPERATURES



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

1.3 Inspection - Received in for Service

When a battery is received in the shop for routine servicing, the following inspections should be performed:

Visually inspect can and cover for dents, damage, epoxy coating separation, vent tube obstruction, latch function and cover seal condition.

Any evidence of discrepancies, in above shall be cause for replacement of the parts.

Remove the battery cover and inspect for the following:

Clean top of cells and connectors with a nylon brush. Blow out residue with oil-free compressed air using standard safety precautions. If cells are exceptionally dirty, connecting links, hardware, and cells may need to be removed, washed in warm water and dried. If this is required, discharge the battery before disassembly.

Verify that the polarity of the cells and position of the internal connections are correct.

Inspect intercell connectors for corrosion, burns or discoloration. Clean with an eraser or replace as required.

Remove vent plugs and inspect "O" rings and vent sleeves for damage or hardening. Replace if defective. If necessary, wash vent plugs in warm water to remove the white powder (potassium carbonate) from vent holes. Dry with oil-free compressed air using standard safety precautions.

1.3.1 Inspection of Battery Power Connector

Inspect for corrosion or pitting on the contact pins.

Inspect for arcing or burn marks on the contact pins. This is caused when the disconnect is removed under electrical load.

Inspect for battery electrolyte leakage through the receptacle body and/or the contact pins.

NOTE: Electrolyte leakage can be noticed by a discoloration of the receptacle body with the glass fibers exposed.

Gauge each contact pin diameter using dial calipers that are capable of reading to .001 inch. The diameter shall be .375 \pm .005 inches.

1.3.2 Inspection of Sensor Receptacle (if so equipped)

Examine sensor connector for pin or locking mechanism damage.

CAUTION: The electrolyte used in the battery is a caustic solution of Potassium Hydroxide. Avoid contact with any part of the body.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

2.0 ELECTRICAL LEAKAGE

To determine if external leakage is of such a magnitude as to require a complete battery cleaning set the range selector of a multimeter to the 500 milliampere range or higher.

Place the positive lead of the meter on the positive terminal of the battery receptacle and touch the negative lead of the meter to any exposed metal on the battery can.

NOTE: Many MarathonNorco batteries are supplied with epoxy coated battery cans and covers. Where epoxy coated cans are used, current flow may be measured between the battery terminals and the screws that are used to mount the main connector.

If the needle deflection is within the meter limits, connect the negative lead of the meter to the battery can. Now, decrease the meter current range until the current, if any, is readable. Record this current value.

Repeat the above, connecting the negative lead of the meter on the negative terminal of the battery receptacle and the positive meter lead to any exposed metal on the battery can.

If the above current measurements exceed 50 milliamperes, flush the tops of the cells and dry. (Reference Paragraph 9.0)

Repeat the above current test on the positive and negative terminals. If the tops of the cells were cleaned properly and the current measurement is still greater than 50 milliamperes, one or more of the cells may be leaking. To isolate this cell or cells, proceed as follows:

Using a voltmeter of 1000 ohms-per-volt, or greater, place one of the meter leads on either the negative or positive terminal of the battery and the other lead on any exposed metal of the battery can; note the meter reading. If the meter reads negative, reverse the positions of the meter leads.

Keep one-meter lead on the exposed metal surface of the can and move the other lead systematically from one cell terminal to another, noting the voltage readings. Voltage readings will decrease and finally go negative indicating the location of the path and possibly a leaky cell.

If the cell is leaking, replace the cell or cells. If no leaking cells are found, the leakage path may be due to electrolyte along the outside of the cells and at the bottom of the battery can, and the battery must be discharged, disassembled and cleaned. (Reference Paragraph 9.0 and 11.0)



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

3.0 TORQUING REQUIREMENTS

Verify torque on every intercell connection starting with cell 1 and working sequentially through the last cell. Verify torque on cell connections to main battery connector.

BATTERY OR CELL TYPE	THREAD SIZE	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	TORX SCREW	HEX NUT ACROSS FLATS	TORQUE (INCH LBS.) TO TIGHTEN
3H120	#10-32			5/16"	15-18
5H120	#10-32			5/16"	15-18
10H120	5/16"-24			1/2"	20-25
10H120	#8-32	9/64"			30-35
12M220	5/16"-24			1/2"	20-25
12H120	#8-32	9/64"			30-35
14M220	#8-32	9/64"			30-35
15M220	#8-32	9/64"			30-35
17H100	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
17SP100	#10-32	5/32"	T-25		35-50
18H120	#10-32	5/32"	T-25		35-50
20H120	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
20SPE100	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
24M220CR	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
24ME220C	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
24H120	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
24H100	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
24SP100	#10-32	5/32"	T-25		35-50
28SP100	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
36M220	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
36H120	#10-32	5/32"			35-50
38H100	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
38SP100	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
40SP100	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
40SP100L	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
44SP100	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
44SP100L	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
46SPE100	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
52H120C	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
65H120	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125
81H120	1/4"-28	3/16"	T-30		100-125

TABLE 2

All other hardware should be torqued in accordance with FAA document AC.43.13 (Aircraft Inspection and Repair)

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

4.0 SENSOR ASSEMBLY INSPECTION

Inspect battery for proper placement of thermostats, heaters, thermistors or other sensor elements.

Inspect wiring and receptacle for insulation damage, corrosion, and crimping or other defects.

At least once each calendar year, perform a functional test on the temperature sensor assembly. All functions must be within \pm 10% of the values given in Table 3.

<u>Dielectric Test:</u> (If required in Table 3) Use a Dielectric (Hi-Pot) Tester capable of measuring a current flow of 25 μ A at 500 Volts DC. Place sensor leads in a small container filled with DI water, allowing the assemblies to be submerged completely. Place the Negative(-) lead of the Dielectric tester in the container with the sensor leads. While holding the receptacle, probe the pins listed in Table 3 with the Positive (+) lead of the Dielectric tester to check for current leakage. A current flow greater than 25 μ A would constitute a failure.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Part Number	Connector Type	Active Pins	Action	Battery Type
28900-001	MS-3114P8-4P PT07P8-4P	A-B Blue C-D Red	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TCA-5 TCA-5-20-1 TCA-5C TCA-5-20-1C
28900-002	PT07P-8-4P MS-3114P8-4P	A-B Blue C-D Red	Close on Temp rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TCA-21-H-20, TCA-21H-1
28900-003	MS-3114P8-4P PT07P8-4P	A-B Blue C-D Red	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TSP-400-1, TSP-400
28900-004	MS-3114P8-4P PTO7P80-4P	A-B Blue C-D Red	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TSP-409L-1 TSP-409L
28900-005	MS-3114P10-6P PT07P10-6P	A-B Blue C-D Red E-F	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F 1000 Ω @ 77°F (25°C)	TSP-455
28900-006	MS-3114P10-6P PT07P10-6S	A-Link Blue B Link Blue C-Link Red D-Link Red E-F	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F 1 K Ohm @ 77°F	TSP-455-1, TSP-2860, TSP-4460
29084-001	PT07P-8-3P	A-B B-C	49.9K Ohms Fixed Resistance 300K Ohms @ 77°F	STCA-16L
29084-004	PT07P-8-3P	A-B B-C	49.9K Ohms Fixed Resistance 300K Ohms @ 77°F	STCA-16L-2, TSP-420L, STMA-5-20, GP-180, STSP- 400, STSP-444L, STSP-403, STSP- 444
29084-005	PT07P-8-3P	A-B B-C	49.9K Ohms Fixed Resistance 300K Ohms @ 77°F	TSTSP-940, STCA-910, STCA-930, STMA-9, STCA-930A, STSP-901, STMA-9C, STSP-930, TPSTP-941, STSP-902L, TSTCA-94

Table 3 (Page 1 of 7) TEMPERATURE SENSOR ASSY. SPEC



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Part Number	Connector Type	Active Pins	Action	Battery Type
29084-006	Bendix PT07P-8-3P	A-B B-C	49.9K Ω Fixed Resistance 300K Ω @ 77°F	STMA-2
29084-007	Bendix PT07P-8-3P	A-B B-C	49.9K Ω Fixed Resistance 300K Ω @ 77°F	STSP-280
29090-001 Superceded by 29529-001	MS-3102R-14S-6P	A-C D-F A-B D-E	195 ohms 195 ohms 25,000-35,000 ohms 25,000-35,000 ohms	BTMA-5
29170-001	M4S-LRN	A/Yellow wire-conn link C/Red wire-conn link	Close on Temp Rise @ 148°F Close on Temp Rise @ 168°F	TCA-106
29170-003	M4S-LRN	A/Yellow wire-Conn link C/Red Wire –Conn link	Close on Temp Rise @ 148°F Close on Temp Rise @ 168°F	TCA-1754 TSP-1754
29283-001	Cannon DFXB-8-34P	1 or-2 & 7 or 8 1 & 2 or 5 7 & 8 or 5	Battery Voltage 23.4K ohm 6.90-8.0 K ohm	CA-154-3A
29376-001	CA 3102E24-12SB	D-Link Yellow B-Link Red A C	Closes on Temp Rise @ 140°F Closes on Temp Rise @ 160°F Battery Positive Battery Negative	TCA-106-2 TCA-106-3
29376-005	Cannon Type 3102E24-125B	A-C B/Red Wire-Conn link D/Yellow wire-Conn link	Battery Power A Positive C Negative Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F	TCA-1753 TSP-1753
29376-007	Cannon Type 3102E24-125B	A-C B/Red Wire-Conn Link D/Yellow wire.Conn link	Battery Power A Positive C Negative Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F	TSP-1755
29432-003	MS-3114P10-6P	A-B Blue C-D Yellow	N.O. close at 145°F Reopen at 125°F	CA-170A, CTMA-5-20C, SP-170A, SP-170AL CA-170 TMA-5-20, TMA-5-20CX TSP-400X, TSP-419L, TSP-40204B,TSP-44204B

Table 3 (Page 2 of 7) TEMPERATURE SENSOR ASSY. SPEC



Page 403 NOV 19/04

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Number	Connector Type	Active	Pins	Action	Battery Type
29432-004	MS-3114P10-6P	A-B C-D	Brown White	Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 145°F	TSP-410
29432-005	MS-3114E10-6P	A-B C-D	Green Orange	Open on Temp Rise @ 160°F Open on Temp Rise @ 140°F	TSP-410, TSP-925A TSP-4410L
29432-006	MS-3114P10-6P	A-B C-D	Blue Yellow	Open on Temp Rise @ 160°F Open on Temp Rise @ 140°F	TSP-210
29432-007	D38999/24WB5PN	A-B C-D	Blue Yellow	Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 147°F	TSP-2840
29432-008	CANNON KPSE07E10- 6P	A-B C-D	Yellow Blue	Close on Temp Rise @ 135°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TSP-280 TSP-381L
29432-009	MS-3114E10-6P	C B D E	Green White Yellow Black	28 VDC B (Test) to A (Ground) Close @ 158°F D (Test) to F (Ground) Close @ 140°F 28 VDC	TSP-9117B TSP-9117BL
29432-010	MS-3114P10-6P	B-C E-F	Blue Yellow	Closes @ 145°F Closes @ 145°F	TSP-1722 TSP-1722L
29432-011	CANNON KPSE07E10- 6-P	A-B C-D E-F	Blue Yellow Green	Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Open on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TSP-283
29432-012	MS3114E8-3P	A-C B-C	Blue/Black Yellow/Black	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Open on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TSP-281 TSP-414
29432-015	MS3114E10-6P	A-B C-D	Blue Yellow	Close on Temp Rise @ 145°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TSP-1728
29432-016	MS3114P10-6P	A-B C-D	Blue Yellow	Close on Temp Rise @ 145°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TCA-1028
29432-017	MS-3114E10-6P	A-B C-D E-F	Blue Yellow Green	Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 145°F	TTMA-5-20C

Table 3 (Page 3 of 7) TEMPERATURE SENSOR ASSY. SPEC

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Table 3 (Page 4 of 7)

TEMPERATURE SENSOR ASSY. SPEC

Part Number	Connector Type	Active Pins	Action	Battery Type
29432-018	MS-27474E10B-35P	1-3 5-2 White 4-6 Red	28VDC Closes @ 158°F Closes @ 140°F	TSP-9117A
29432-019	MS3124E10-6P	A-B C- Blue D-E Green F	3K Ω C-Ground 4.99K Ω Fixed Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Not used	TSP-440LF
29432-020	MS3114P10-6P	A-B Blue C-D Yellow	Close on Temp Rise @ 145°F Close on Temp Rise @ 145°F	TCA-103C
29529-001/-002	MS3102R-14S-6P	A-C B-C D-F E-F	Heater Element-appx. 100 Ohms 36K Ohms @ 70°F Heater element-appx. 100 Ohms 36K Ohms @ 70°F	BTSP-179, BTCA-5, BTCA-5- 20, BTSP-280, BTCA-400, BTC-5- 20C BTCA-7, BTSP-444, BTMA-5, BTSP-179, BTMA-5- 20,BTSP-400, BTSP-400L, BTSP-4445L
29565-002	MS3474L-8-33P	A-B	Close on Temp Rise @ 145°F	CA-376
29565-003	MS-3474L-8-33P	A-B	Close on Temp Rise @ 145°F	SP-376, SP-376L
29565-004	MS3474L-8-33P	A-B	Close on Temp Rise @ 135°F	SP-276
29573-001	PT07P-8-3P	A-B	200 Ohms @ 140°F	ATCA-21H, ATSP-280-1
29685-001	MS24265R10B5P	1-2 4-5	Close on Temp Rise @ 120°F Close on Temp Rise @ 90°F	KTCA-747
29783-001	КРТ07Р8-4Р	A-B C D	200 Ω AT 140°F Not used Not used	ATCA-21H-1
29783-002	KPT07P8-4P	A-B C-D	200 Ω AT 140°F 200 Ω AT 140°F	ATCA-21H-2
29783-003	КРТ07Р8-4Р	A-B C-D	166.4 Ohms @ 70°F 166.4 Ohms @ 70°F	ATSP-400, ATSP-400-2, ATSP-44, ATSP-44LATSP- 400L, ATSP-380
29783-004	M3-3474L8-33P	A-B	200 Ω at 140°F	ATSP900L-1



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Part Number	Connector Type	Active Pins	Action	Battery Type
29529-003	MS3102-14S-6P	B-C E-F B, C, E, F	36K Ohms @ 70°F 36K Ohms @ 70°F Dielectric Test (pg. 401)	BTSP-4445L
30320-001	Bendix PTS06DRL10-6S	A-B A-C	Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F	TCA-14, TSP-380, TSP-440
30400-001			N.O Closes at 160°F	TCA-1735, TSP-1735, TSP- 1735L
30727-001	PT07P-8-4P	A-D A-C	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F (2 Switches in Parallel)	TCA-21H-2
30920-001	MS-3474L10-6PN	A-C White D-F Yellow	Close on Temp Rise @ 158°F Close on Temp Rise @ 158°F	TSP-963A
30920-002	MS-24265R10B5P	1-2	Close on Temp Rise @ 147°F	TSP-900A, TCA-900A
30920-003	MS-3114-E-10-6P	A-B White C-D Yellow	Close on Temp Rise @ 135°F Close on Temp Rise @ 158°F	STCA-940A, TCA-940A, TSP- 940, TSP-940A, TSTCA-94, TSTSP-940
30920-004	PT07P-8-4P	A-B White C-D Yellow	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Open on Temp Rise @ 158°F	TSP-900AT L-39
30920-008	PT07P-8-4P	A-B White C-D Blue	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 158°F	L-59
30921-001	MS-3474L10-6PN	A-C White D-F Yellow	Close on Temp Rise @ 158°F Reopens 8°F drop	TSP-463
30921-002	MS-3474L10-6PN	A-B Yellow C-D White	Close on Temp Rise @ 135°F Closes at 158°F	SP-288
30921-003	MS-27468P9A8P	A-C	2 Thermostats in Parallel Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F Reopens @ 145°F	CTSP-400 CTSP-280 CTSP-440
30921-004	MS-27468P9A98P	A-C	Two Thermostats in Parallel N.O. closes on Temp Rise @ 160°F	CTCA-21H-1
30921-005	MS-3124E10-6P	C-D	Closes on Temp Rise @160°F Reopens @ 145°F	CTSP-280-1
30921-006	MS-3114E10-6P	C-D	Close on Temp Rise 160°F Reopens on 145°F	TSP-4412

Table 3 (Page 5 of 7) TEMPERATURE SENSOR ASSY. SPEC



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Table 3 (Page 6 of 6)

TEMPERATURE SENSOR ASSY. SPEC

Part Number	Connector Type	Active Pins	Action	Battery Type
30937-001	48-13R10-5P	1-2 Black 3-4 White	Close on Temp Rise @ 135°F Open on Temp Drop@ 30°F	SP-747
31023-001	MS-27474T10-F-5S	A Orange B-C White	Voltage-mid tap to battery 3K Ohms @ 68°F	UTSP-400, UTSP-460L TSP-1760L
31023-002	JT07RP105S (MS2747410F-5S)	A Orange B-C White	Voltage mid-tap to battery 3 KW@25°C	UTSP-460L
31023-003	JT07RP105S (MS27474T10F-5S)	A Orange B-C White	Voltage mid-tap to battery 3 KW@25°C	TSP1760L
31023-005	JT07RP105S (MS27474T10F-5S)	A Orange B-C White	5 KW to mid-tap of battery 3 KW@25°C	UTSP-460L-1
31023-006	JT07RP105S (MS27474T10F-5S)	A Orange B-C White	5 KW to mid-tap of battery 3 KW@25°C	TSP-1760L-1
31044-001	M83723/73R1212N	1 Red 2-4 7 Yellow 9-11 Green 12 Black	Pos. Battery voltage 3K Ω AT 25°C Center voltage tap N.O. closes at 145°F Neg. Battery voltage	TSP-464L TSP-467L
31374-001	MS-3114P-8-4P	A-B C-D	200Ω @ 140°F 200Ω @ 140°F	ATSP-280 ATSP-280L
31581-001	MS-3114P14-5P	A-B Black C-D Red C-E Red	Closes on Temp Rise @ 160°F	PTMA-5-20
31581-002	MS-3114P14-5P	A-B Black C-D Red C-E Red	N.O. closes on Temp Rise @ 160°F N.O. closes on Temp Rise @ 160°F N.O. closes on Temp Rise @ 160°F	PTSP-400 PTSP-400-1

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Table 3 (Page 7 of 7)

TEMPERATURE SENSOR ASSY. SPEC

Part Number	Connector Type	Active Pins	Action	Battery Type
31628-001	MS-3102-14S-6P	A Black C-D Black E-F White	Mid-Tap Battery Open on Temp Rise @ 158°F 2.2 \rightarrow 2.3K ohms	TSP-400WB
31920-002	MS-3474W106P	C-D Green	Close on Temp Rise at 158°F	DTSP-400L, DTSP-448L DTSP-280L
32072-001	PT07P8-4P	A-B Black C-D Red	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 158°F	TSP-447
32075-001	PT07P8-4P	A-B Black C-D Red	Close on Temp Rise @ 140°F Close on Temp Rise @ 158°F	TSP-177
32140-001	MS-3114E10-6P	A-B C-D	300K Ω @ 77°F N.O. closes at 71°C	TCA1742 TSP-1742
32140-002	MS-3114E10-6P	A-B C-D	300K Ω @ 77°F N.O. closes at 71°C	TSP-442
32288-001	MS-3114E10-6P	A-B C-D E-F	Closes at 57°C Closes at 71°C 91 Ω at 32°C	TSP-434
32470-001	MS-3114P8-4P	A-C Black B-D White	Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F 100Ω @ 0°C	TSP-408L TSP-408-L-1
32470-002	MS-3114P8-4P	A-C Black B-D White	Close on Temp Rise @ 160°F 100Ω @ 0°C	TSP-1708L
32704-001	MS24264R12B-12SN	1 8-9 11-12	Interlock Close on Temp Rise @ 155°F 2252 Ω at 77°F	TSP-46-1
31810-001	MS3102R-14S-6P	A-C B-C D-F E-F	Heater Element-appx. 100 Ohms 36K Ohms @ 70°F Heater element-appx. 100 Ohms 36K Ohms @ 70°F	BTCA-9-20A

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

5.0 CHARGE (CONSTANT CURRENT)

For batteries that are partially discharged, i.e., batteries received in for service, begin with STEP I

For batteries that are completely discharged, i.e., new batteries, batteries following capacity test, or deep cycle, begin with STEP IA.

CELL VENTS SHOULD BE UNLOCKED DURING CHARGE.

STEP I Connect battery to charging source and charge at the main charge rate until <u>*all*</u> cells are 1.55 volts or greater. This usually takes a short period of time.

IF CELL(S) ARE DRY, HIGH CELL VOLTAGE MAY OCCUR (1.76 VOLTS OR GREATER). FIVE TO TEN CC'S OF DISTILLED OR DEMINERALIZED WATER MAY BE ADDED TO EACH CELL.

When all cells are at 1.55 volts minimum, reduce charge current to the topping charge rate and top charge for one hour. Adjust electrolyte during the final 15 minutes of the topping charge in accordance with Paragraph 6.0. Upon completion of the topping charge, while still on charge, all cell voltages must be from 1.55 volts minimum to 1.75 volts maximum.

- If cell voltages are from 1.55 volts minimum to 1.75 volts maximum, proceed to Paragraph 7.0.
- If cell voltages are greater than 1.75 volts, one reconditioning cycle should be performed. If cell voltage is greater than 1.75 following the recharge, the cell should be replaced. Proceed to Paragraph 8.0 for reconditioning or Paragraph 10.0 for cell replacement.
- If any cell rises to 1.55 volts then decreases below 1.50 volts the cell must be replaced.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

STEP IA Connect battery to charging source and charge at the main charge rate a <u>MINIMUM</u> of two and one-half (2¹/₂) hours <u>and</u> until <u>all</u> cells are 1.55 volts minimum.

IF CELL(S) ARE DRY, HIGH CELL VOLTAGE MAY OCCUR (1.76 VOLTS OR GREATER). FIVE TO TEN CC'S OF DISTILLED OR DEMINERALIZED WATER MAY BE ADDED TO EACH CELL.

After completion of the main charge with all cells at 1.55 volts minimum, reduce charge current to the topping charge rate and top charge for two (2) hours. Adjust electrolyte level during the final 15 minutes of the topping charge in accordance with Paragraph 6.0. Upon completion of the topping charge while still on charge, all cell voltages must be from 1.55 volts minimum to 1.75 volts maximum.

or

For charging with a reflex charger, charge reflex at the main charger rate for 2 hours followed by a constant current topping charge for 2 hours. Adjust the electrolyte level during the final 15 minutes of the topping charge.

- If cell voltages are 1.55 volts to 1.75, proceed to Paragraph 7.0.
- If any cell voltage is greater than 1.75 volts, the cell must be replaced, proceed to Paragraph 10.0.
- If any cell voltage rises to 1.55 volts and then decreases below 1.50 volts, the cell must be replaced, proceed to Paragraph 10.0.
- If any cell voltage fails to rise to above 1.50 volts, the cell must be replaced. See Paragraph 10.0

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Battery Capacity and Constant Current Charging Rates

CELL	NOMINAL BATTERY	CONSTANT CURRENT CHARGING				
TYPE	CAPACITY					
	1 HOUR DISCHARGE RATE IN AMPS	MAIN CHARGE AMPS	TOPPING CHARGE AMPS	TRICKLE CHARGE RATE MILLIAMPS		
3H120	3	1.8	0.8	6		
5H120	5	3.2	1.3	10		
10H120	10	6.5	2.6	20		
12H120	12	7.5	3.0	24		
12M220	12	7.5	3.0	24		
14M220	14	8.5	3.4	28		
15M220	13	8.5	3.4	26		
17H100	17	9.0	3.6	34		
17SP100	17	9.0	3.6	34		
18H120	17	9.0	4.0	34		
20SPE100	20	14.0	6.0	40		
20H120	20	11.0	4.4	40		
24H100	24	13.0	5.2	48		
24SP100	24	13.0	5.2	48		
24H120	24	13.0	5.2	48		
24M220	24	13.5	5.4	48		
24ME220	24	13.5	5.4	48		
28SP100	28	15.0	6.0	56		
36H120	40	21.0	8.4	80		
38H100	38	23.0	8.4	76		
38SP100	38	23.0	8.4	76		
40SP100	40	23.0	8.4	80		
40SP100L	40	23.0	8.4	80		
44SP100	44	24.0	9.2	88		
44SP100L	44	24.0	9.2	88		
46SPE100	46	24.0	9.2	92		
52H120C	52	30.0	10.0	104		
65H120	60	32.5	13.0	120		
81H120	80	42.5	11.8	160		

TABLE 4TWO STEP CONSTANT CURRENT CHARGE PROCEDURES

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

6.0 ELECTROLYTE LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

During the last 15 minutes of the topping charge, and while the current is still flowing, the cells are at their most uniform electrolyte level, and it is at this time that the electrolyte level can be most accurately adjusted.

The electrolyte level should be adjusted using the syringe and appropriate nozzle (available in kit P/N 32480-001).

Electrolyte level adjustments must be made with distilled, deionized or demineralized water only

FIGURE 4



SYRINGE AND NOZZLE ASSEMBLY

SYRINGE & NOZZLE ASSEMBLY APPLICATION

TABLE 5

ITEM #1 SYRINGE P/N	ITEM #2 NOZZLE P/N	NOZZLE LENGTH (L1)	NOZZLE COLOR	CELL TYPE
32415-001	32479-001	7/8" (22mm)	Green	12H120, 12M220, 14M220, 15M220, 18H120, 20H120, 24M220, 24H120, 24H100, 24SP100, 28SP100, 36H120, 38H100, 38SP100, 40SP100, 44SP100, 40SP100L, 44SP100L, 52H120C
	32479-002	1-1/16" (27 mm)	White	3H120, 5H120, 17SP100, 17H100, 46SPE100, 20SPE100
	32479-003	5/8" (16 mm)	Blue	10H120, 65H132
	32479-004	2" (51 mm)	Black	24ME220

Battery cells with aerobatic vents require special electrolyte adjustment procedures. Contact MarathonNorco for further information.

24-34-00

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

6.1 Electrolyte Level Adjustment Procedure

Insert the syringe with the appropriate nozzle into the cell opening until the shoulder of the nozzle rests firmly on the "O" ring seat. Withdraw the plunger and check for any electrolyte in the syringe. If the level is too low the syringe will remain empty. If the level is too high any excess electrolyte will be drawn into the syringe until the level corresponds to the depth of the nozzle insertion into the cell. The depth of the nozzle into the cell is the correct electrolyte level.

If the electrolyte level is too low (the syringe remained empty) draw 10 CC's of distilled or demineralized water into the syringe and inject it into the cell. Withdraw the plunger. If the syringe remains empty continue injecting measured quantities of water into the cell to achieve the correct level.

At the point where some excess electrolyte is drawn into the syringe the correct electrolyte level for that cell has been achieved. Discharge any excess electrolyte.

The amount of water required to fill the first cell should serve as an indication of the quantity required to fill the remaining cells. However, the electrolyte level must be independently adjusted in each cell.

Check to see that the quantity of water added per cell does not exceed the maximum allowable for that cell type in Table 5. If the water consumption is too high, the service interval may need to be reduced and/or check the charging system or voltage regulator setting.

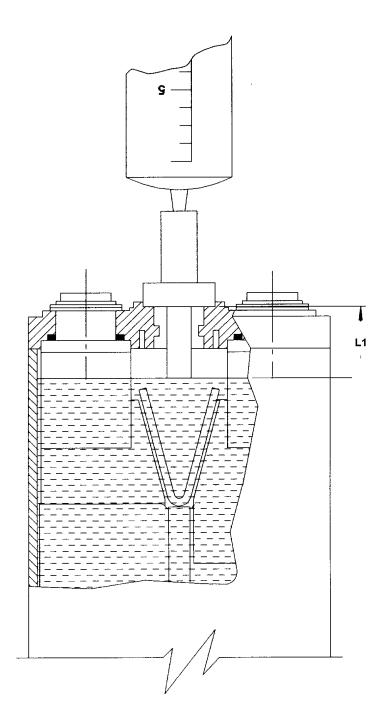
COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

TABLE 6

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE WATER CONSUMPTION

CELL TYPE	VOLUME (cc)
3H120	3.5
5H120	4.5
10H120	8.0
12M220	31.0
12H120	31.0
14M220	25.0
15M220	25.0
17H100	16.0
17SP100	16.0
18H120	10.0
20SPE100	20.0
20H120	20.0
24M220	30.0
24H120	30.0
24ME220	96.0
24SP100	30.0
28SP100	24.0
36M220	37.0
36H120	37.0
38H100	78.0
38SP100	78.0
40SP100	34.0
40SP100L	34.0
44SP100	34.0
44SP100L	34.0
46SPE100	85.0
52H120C	142.0
65H132	53.0

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES



Proper Electrolyte Level Adjustment

FIGURE 5

24-34-00

Page 604 NOV 30/03

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

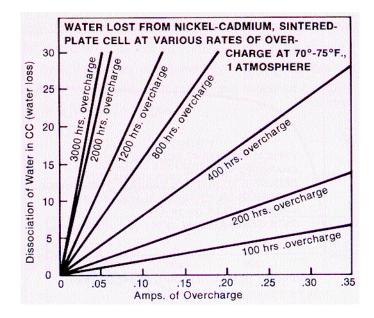
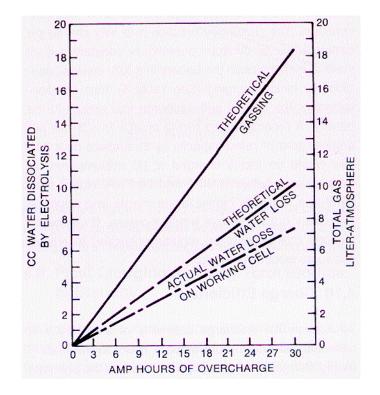


FIGURE 6





COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

7.0 CAPACITY TEST

If following a charge, a noticeable rise in battery temperature has occurred (warm to the hand) allow the battery to cool prior to proceeding with capacity test. When battery is cool proceed with capacity test (measure discharge versus time) using one of the following discharge rates:

- C-rate for 51 minutes 85% capacity requirement to minimum acceptable end voltage of 1.0 volts per cell for in-service batteries.
- C-rate for 60 minutes minimum for new batteries.

OR

- C/2 rate for 120 minutes 100% capacity requirements to minimum acceptable end voltage of 1.0 volts per cell for in-service batteries.
- C/2 rate for 135 minutes minimum for new batteries.

7.1 Interpretation of Capacity Test

If no cells have dropped below 1.0 volt before or at the end of the specified time, stop discharge. The battery has successfully completed the capacity test.

If cells have dropped below 1.0 volt before or at the end of the specified capacity test time, do not stop discharge. Battery must be reconditioned (deep cycled) according to Paragraph 8.0.

7.2 Boeing 100%

The following products for use on Boeing aircraft must meet C-Rate for 60 minutes or C/2 rate for 135 minutes on both new and in-service batteries.

MPTC Model	MPTC P/N	Boeing P/N
CA-27-20	28111-003	10-60707-9
CA-727-20	25582-003	10-60707-10
KCA-727-20	29069-002	10-60707-11
CA-27-20C	28111-004	10-60707-15
CA-727-20CR	25582-006	10-60707-16
KCA-727-20CR	29069-004	10-60707-17
CA-727-20	25582-003	10-60707-10
CA-727-20CR	25582-006	10-60707-16

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

CAPACITY TEST AMPERES							
Cell Type	"C" Rate	C/2 Rate					
3H120	3	1.5					
5H120	5	2.5					
10H120	10	5.0					
12M220	12	6.0					
12H120	12	6.0					
14M220	14	7.0					
15M220	13	6.5					
17H100	17	8.5					
17SP100	17	8.5					
18H120	17	8.5					
20SPE100	20	10.0					
20H120	20	10.0					
24M220CR	24	12.0					
24ME220	24	12.0					
24H120	24	12.0					
24SP100	24	12.0					
28SP100	28	14.0					
36H120	40	20.0					
38H100	38	19.0					
38SP100	38	19.0					
40SP100	40	20.0					
40SP100L	40	20.0					
44SP100	44	22.0					
44SP100L	44	22.0					
46SPE100	46	23.0					
52H120C	52	26.0					
65H120	60	30.0					
81H120	80	40.0					

Table 7

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

8.0 **RECONDITIONING**

When reconditioning is required discharge the battery until cells reach 0.5 volts or less. Place a short-out clip across each cell once it has reached 0.5 volts or less.

When all cells have a short-out clip attached, turn off discharge unit.

Allow battery to stand in a shorted condition for a minimum of 4 hours, preferably overnight.

Remove short-out clips and return to Paragraphs 5.0, Step 1A.

- A severely unbalanced battery may need to be deep cycled as many as three times to restore its capacity.
- If after three (3) deep cycles some cells still have not had their capacity restored, these cells should be replaced.
- If five (5) or more cells are found to be defective, either at one time or over a period of time, it is
 recommended that all cells be replaced.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

9.0 CLEANING

CAUTION: Exercise extreme care when working around the battery. Do not use metal brushes or metal brush supports. Remove rings and other metal jewelry from the hands. Any of these may cause an electrical short which may result in skin burns and damage to the battery.

The battery should be kept in a clean, dry state for optimum performance. The extent of the cleaning process depends upon the condition of the battery. Several procedures are described in the following paragraphs.

If heavy overcharging has occurred, gassing and spewing of electrolyte may cause a white powdery substance, potassium carbonate, to form on top of the cells. This may be removed by brushing the cells with a non-conductive stiff bristle brush or a clean cloth.

If necessary, the tops of the cells may be flushed with ordinary tap water (of low mineral content). Make certain that all of the cell vent plugs are properly seated. Tip the battery at about a 45° angle with its receptacle (or power connector) facing upward. Flush with water from the top of the battery in a downward direction so as to prevent, as much as possible, any water from entering the battery can. It is permissible to use a non-conductive bristle brush to clean away stubborn dirt particles. Any excess liquid should be drained off and the battery permitted to dry. Drying may be accelerated by the use of oil-free compressed air.

WARNING: USE OF COMPRESSED AIR FOR CLEANING CAN CREATE AN ENVIRONMENT OF PROPELLED FOREIGN PARTICLES WHICH MAY ENTER THE EYES AND CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY. AIR PRESSURE FOR CLEANING SHALL NOT EXCEED 30 PSI. EFFECTIVE CHIP GUARDING INCLUDING EYE PROTECTION IS REQUIRED.

CAUTION: THE WATER USED TO WASH THE CELLS OR BATTERY WILL BECOME CAUSTIC; AVOID CONTACT WITH IT. DO NOT CLEAN WITH SOLVENTS, ACIDS OR ANY CHEMICAL SOLUTION. THESE MAY DAMAGE THE CELL CASE AND HARDWARE.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

If the battery has liquid electrolyte on the top of the cells, drain off as much as possible, wash with water, and air dry. If the electrolyte has overflowed to the extent that it has run down between the cells, the battery should be completely discharged, disassembled, and completely cleaned before reassembling.

- 1. Disassembly -- Disassemble the battery as described in 11.0.
- 2. With the vent valves in place and locked, wash the cells under running water. Do not allow the wash water to enter the cell's interior.
- 3. Dry the cells with clean absorbent toweling or with an air hose.
- **4.** Inspect each cell for cracks, holes or other defective condition. If any defects are found; replace with new cells.
- 5. Wash and clean all hardware to remove accumulated dirt and carbonate deposits. Heavy deposits may be removed by scrubbing with a stiff bristle brush. Corrosion preventive greases may be removed from connectors, screws, nuts, and washers by washing in alcohol or by degreasing after they are removed from the cells.
- 6. Allow all parts to dry thoroughly before reassembling.
- **7.** Inspect all parts and replace those that are damaged or heavily corroded. Replace connecting straps that are burned, bent or have defective nickel plating. Polish tarnished connecting straps with an eraser being careful not to remove the plating.
- 8. Check the battery power receptacle for burns, cracks and bent or pitted terminals. Replace defective receptacles. They can overheat, arc, depress battery voltage and cause premature battery failure.
- **9.** Repair or replace damaged battery cases and covers, loose or damaged cover gaskets and cell hold down bars.
- **10.** Reassemble battery (See 11.0)
- **11.** Clean vent caps (vent plugs). Use hot water to thoroughly wash vent assemblies.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

10.0 REPLACEMENT OF CELLS AND BATTERY REPAIR

10.1 Replacement of Damaged or Defective Cells

If a cell becomes contaminated, physically damaged, or is defective and must be replaced, proceed as follows:

- 1. Discharge the entire battery as per Paragraphs 7.0 / 8.0, remove the shorting clips.
- 2. Clean the battery (Paragraph 9.0)
- 3. Remove enough intercell connectors to permit the cell to be withdrawn from the battery can.
- 4. Do not withdraw a cell from the battery unless a discharged or shorted replacement cell is immediately available.
- 5. Withdraw the cell, using a cell puller. Always tighten the puller to the cell and pull in a straight-up direction.
- 6. Insert the new (discharged) cell, making certain to insert the cell with the polarity symbols in the right direction. (Cells are connected plus to minus). If the cell is difficult to insert, apply a light coat of petroleum jelly or silicone grease to the sides of the cell case before inserting.
- 7. Replace the intercell connectors, assembling the hardware finger tight.
- **CAUTION:** Do not use "homemade" hardware. MarathonNorco parts are specifically designed to furnish an adequate electrical connection. Spare or replacement hardware may be obtained from your local MarathonNorco authorized distributor. Use of "homemade" hardware will void any warranty, and would not be approved by airworthiness authorities
 - 8. Torque the terminal connection to the values indicated in Table 2 using a calibrated torque wrench.
 - 9. Charge the battery in accordance with STEP IA.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

10.2 Replacement of Damaged Power Connectors

In some battery types, the battery is provided with a special quick disconnect receptacle, such as a type manufactured by Elcon or Cannon, or any of a number of MS type receptacles. Should one of these become damaged, it will be necessary to replace it with a replacement part obtained from your local MarathonNorco authorized distributor. Care should be taken in the removal of this connector to preserve all the hardware and gasketing, if possible, so that the new part may be installed properly.

To remove the connector, first remove those connections which go to the end cells in the battery, thus reducing the possibility of a short circuit when the connector body is removed from the battery can. All MarathonNorco batteries have the same hardware arrangement for attaching the power connector to the battery as is used on the intercell connectors. When installing the replacement part, it is necessary to consult Table 2 for the torque values.

CAUTION: Do not substitute "homemade" or alternate hardware. Care must be taken that the polarity of the power connector is carefully observed so that, when the battery is installed in the equipment, the system will function properly. Use of "homemade" or alternate hardware will void any warranty. Only MarathonNorco approved components may be used in a MarathonNorco battery.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

11.0 BATTERY DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

CAUTION: Exercise care when working around the battery. Avoid the use of uninsulated tools - severe arcing may result with possible harm to personnel and damage to the tools and a cell or cells in the battery.

Rings, metal watch bands and identification bracelets should be removed. In contact with intercell connectors of opposite polarity, metal objects may fuse themselves to the connectors and cause severe skin burns. Keep flames away from the battery.

11.1 Battery Disassembly

Before disassembling the battery, make sure that all cells are completely discharged. This may be accomplished as follows:

- 1. Discharge the battery to approximately 0.5 volts per cell, and attach shorting clips (Refer to Paragraph 7.0 and Paragraph 8.0).
- 2. After all cells have been discharged, remove the shorting clips. Remove all intercell connecting links. The cells may now be removed. Use a cell puller if necessary. When removing cells from a battery. Always tighten the puller to the cell and use an even, straight-up pull.

11.2 Battery Reassembly

- 1. Lightly polish the cells' terminal surfaces with an eraser and wipe clean.
- Reassemble the cells into the battery can. Position the cells correctly with respect to polarity as shown on the illustrated parts list (IPL) applicable to the particular battery being serviced. DO NOT HAMMER TIGHT CELLS INTO THE BATTERY CAN: USE A STEADY FORCE ON THE TERMINALS TO PRESS THEM INTO PLACE. FOR EASIEST ASSEMBLY, THE CELL AT THE MIDDLE OF A ROW SHOULD BE INSERTED LAST.
- 3. Place intercell connectors in their correct position as shown on the Illustrated Parts List (IPL).
- 4. Install all hardware finger-tight.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

Starting at the positive terminal of the battery, tighten each terminal screw to the torque specified in Table 2.

CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO INSURE THAT THE TERMINAL SCREW IS NOT BINDING, DUE TO THREAD DAMAGE, OR BOTTOMING, BUT IS ACTUALLY TIGHTENING THE CONNECTOR. IMPROPER TORQUE MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE BATTERY.

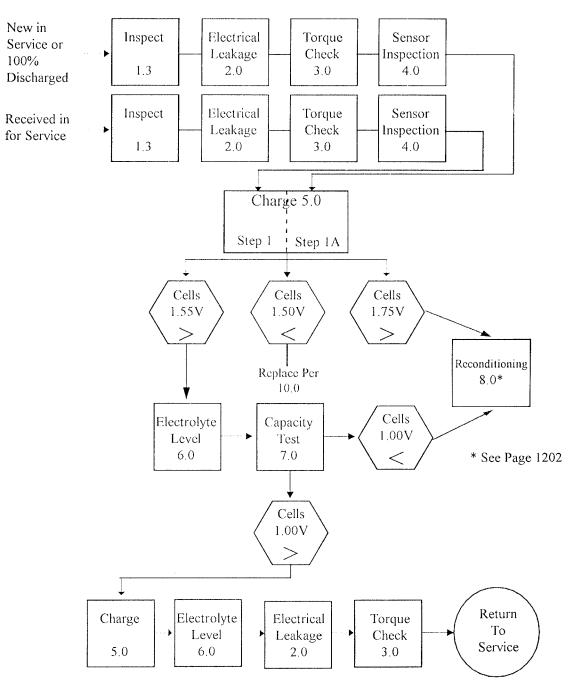
Some batteries contain flat-sided washers as part of the terminal hardware. The flat side serves as a visual indicator during torquing. During initial thread engagement the washer rotates, and upon tightening, rotation stops. This indicates to the operator that the screw is tightened in the terminal and was not binding or bottoming when the proper torque was reached.

It is good practice to follow the battery assembly IPL during final retightening as this is a good double check of the correct electrical order. Do not skip around over cells; do not leave the job partially completed and come back to it. Finish the complete battery reassemble once it is started. Forgetting where the tightening job was stopped is a good way to miss a screw or nut. One loose connection can permanently damage a battery and **may cause an explosion**.



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

12.0 Battery Maintenance Flow Chart

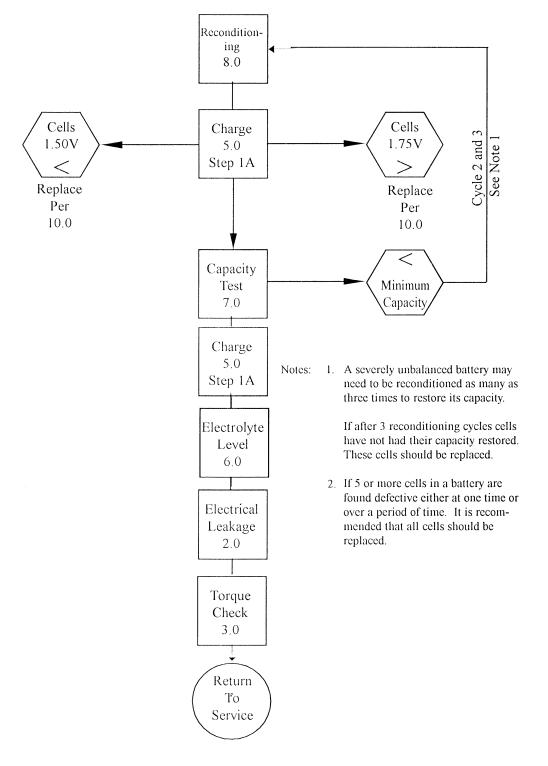


BATTERY MAINTENANCE FLOW CHART

24-34-00

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

BATTERY RECONDITIONING FLOW CHART



24-34-00



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

13.0 TROUBLE-SHOOTING

TROUBLE-SHOOTING HINTS

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
APPARENT LOSS OF CAPACITY	Very common when recharging on a constant potential bus, as in aircraft. Usually indicates imbalance between cells because of difference in temperature, charge efficiency, self-discharge rate, etc., in the cells.	RECONDITIONING WILL ALLEVIATE THIS CONDITION.
	Electrolyte level too low. Battery not fully charged.	CHARGE. ADJUST ELECTROLYTE LEVEL. CHECK AIRCRAFT VOLTAGE REGULATOR. IF O.K., REDUCE MAINTENANCE INTERVAL.
COMPLETE FAILURE TO OPERATE	Defective connection in equipment circuitry in which battery is installed - such as broken lead, inoperative relay or improper receptacle installation.	CHECK AND CORRECT EXTERNAL CIRCUITRY.
	End terminal connector loose or disengaged. Poor intercell connections.	CLEAN AND RETIGHTEN HARDWARE USING PROPER TORQUE VALUES.
	Open circuit or dry cell.	REPLACE DEFECTIVE CELL
EXCESSIVE SPEWAGE OF ELECTROLYTE	High charge voltage High temperature during charge Electrolyte level too high	CLEAN BATTERY, CHARGE AND ADJUST ELECTROLYTE LEVEL.
	Loose or damaged vent cap	CLEAN BATTERY, TIGHTEN OR REPLACE CAP, CHARGE AND ADJUST ELECTROLYTE LEVEL
	Damaged cell and seal	SHORT OUT ALL CELLS TO 0 VOLTS, CLEAN BATTERY, REPLACE DEFECTIVE CELL, CHARGE AND ADJUST ELECTROLYTE LEVEL.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
FAILURE OF ONE OR MORE CELLS TO RISE TO THE REQUIRED 1.55 VOLTS AT THE END OF CHARGE.	Negative Electrode not fully charged. Cellophane separator damage.	DISCHARGE BATTERY AND RECHARGE. IF THE CELL STILL FAILS TO RISE TO 1.55 VOLTS OR IF THE CELL'S VOLTAGE RISES TO 1.55 VOLTS OR ABOVE AND THEN DROPS, REMOVE CELL AND REPLACE.
DISTORTION OF CELL CASE TO COVER.	Overcharged, overdischarged, or overheated cell with internal short.	DISCHARGE BATTERY AND DISASSEMBLE. REPLACE DEFECTIVE CELL. RECONDITION BATTERY.
	Plugged vent cap	REPLACE VENT CAP
	Overheated battery	CHECK VOLTAGE REGULATOR: TREAT BATTERY AS ABOVE, REPLACING BATTERY CASE AND COVER AND ALL OTHER DEFECTIVE PARTS.
FOREIGN MATERIAL WITHIN THE CELL CASE	Introduced into cell through addition of impure water or water contaminated with acid.	DISCHARGE BATTERY AND DISASSEMBLE, REMOVE CELL AND REPLACE, RECONDITION BATTERY.
FREQUENT ADDITION OF WATER	Cell out of balance	RECONDITION BATTERY
	Damaged "O" ring, vent cap Leaking cell	REPLACE DAMAGED PARTS. DISCHARGE BATTERY AND DISASSEMBLE. REPLACE DEFECTIVE CELL, RECONDITION BATTERY.
	Charge voltage too high	ADJUST VOLTAGE REGULATOR
CORROSION OF TOP HARDWARE	Acid fumes or spray or other corrosive atmosphere	REPLACE PARTS. BATTERY SHOULD BE KEPT CLEAN AND KEPT AWAY FROM SUCH ENVIRONMENTS
DISCOLORED OR BURNED END CONNECTORS OR INTERCELL CONNECTORS	Dirty connections Loose connection Improper mating of parts	CLEAN PARTS: REPLACE IF NECESSARY. RETIGHTEN HARDWARE USING PROPER TORQUE VALUES. CHECK TO SEE THAT PARTS ARE PROPERLY MATED.
DISTORTION OF BATTERY CASE AND/OR COVER	Explosion caused by: Dry cells Charger failure High charge voltage Plugged vent caps Loose intercell connectors	DISCHARGE BATTERY AND DISASSEMBLE REPLACE DAMAGED PARTS AND RECONDITION.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
CELL TO BATTERY CAN LEAKAGE TO GROUND DETECTED BY TESTING	Excessive spewage	CLEAN BATTERY, CHARGE AND ADJUST ELECTROLYTE LEVEL. RECHECK FOR ELECTRICAL LEAKAGE.
	Damaged cell case to cover seal.	DISCHARGE BATTERY AND DISASSEMBLE, REPLACE DEFECTIVE CELL, RECONDITION BATTERY.
FOAMING OF ELECTROLYTE DURING CHARGE	Contaminant in electrolyte	DISCHARGE BATTERY AND REPLACE DEFECTIVE CELL.
		RECONDITION BATTERY. REPLACE CELL THAT CONTINUES TO FOAM
FALSE OR NO BATTERY HIGH TEMPERATURE	Dirty connections	CLEAN PARTS
INDICATION	Loose connections Improper mating of parts	INSPECT AND RETIGHTEN RECEPTACLE
	Shorted thermistor or receptacle due to KOH intrusion	REPLACE SENSOR ASSEMBLY

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

14.0 STORAGE

The active materials of the sintered-plate, nickel-cadmium batteries do not react significantly with the electrolyte during use or storage. Thus this type of battery may be stored for long period of time in any state of charge or discharge without damage.

Nickel-cadmium batteries will incur only a temporary loss of capacity in inactive storage. The charge retention depends largely on the ambient temperature in which the battery is stored and the length of time in storage. Charge retention is also affected by impurities in the electrolyte and electrical leakage from cells to battery case. In most applications, experience has indicated that a fully charged battery will be capable of starting equipment even after six months of idle storage at room temperature. Storage at higher temperatures will result in a greater loss of charge; at low temperatures, this loss will be much less.

Before placing a battery in storage, the battery should be cleaned. Where operation is required immediately after removal from storage, proper cleaning is even more important to avoid the possibility of contaminants creating conductive paths within the battery case and increasing the self-discharge rate.

Nickel-cadmium batteries may be stored in a non-corrosive atmosphere for an unlimited period at temperatures ranging from -65° to + 120°F; the upper limit may be extended to + 160°F for short-term storage.

A properly serviced battery can be stored in a "stand-by" condition at temperature between 60°F and 80°F for up to 60 days. Beyond this time or temperature the battery should be serviced before being placed into service.

If the battery is to be stored in a "stand-by" condition, for longer periods, the battery should be serviced then maintained in a fully charged condition by trickle charging, thus compensating for the normal self discharge that occurs in the battery. A recommended trickle charge is a 2 mA per ampere hour of rated capacity (a 40 ampere hour battery would be trickle charged at 80 milliamperes) at temperatures between 60°F and 80°F. The cells must be checked to assure that electrolyte levels do not fall below the tops of the cell plates.

NOTE: Trickle charge rates are critical. Charging at a rate greater or less than the recommended rate can create significant problems.

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

15.0 SHIPPING

Shipments must conform to current IATA regulations (UN2795 or UN2800 as applicable). See the MSDS for further information.



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

CAGE CODE 74025 MAT				ATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 1 o							
		FOR CHE	MICA							IT	
Type of Data Sheet:	□ New	🗷 Revis	sed	CALL CHEM	ITRE	=C 1	-800-424-930		Date Prepa	ared:	January 19,199
This MSDS may be	used to comply	with OSH	A's Ha	zard Commun	icati	on S	tandard and	29 CF	R 1910.12	00 Occ	cupational Safety a
Standard											
SECTION I											
				NATION			CK CLASS				ium Dettem
Battery, Storage						6140 E	, PA REGISTI				nium Battery
NKC LICENSE NUI	N/	Α					TXD 0543			ĸ	
SECTION II HAZ			IDENI	TITY INFORM	ATIC)N	170 0040	00010			
HAZARDOUS CON CHEMICAL IDENTI NAME(S)]	IPONENTS [SP				1110		ACGIH TL	/		CA	AS NUMBER
Cadmium			5ua/	m ³ (Dust)			.2mg/m ³ (D)ust)		74	40-43-9
Cadmium Hydro	xide			m ³ (As Cd)		_	.05mg/m ³	2017			041-95-2
Nickel			1ma			_	1mg/m ³				40-02-0
Nickel Hydroxide	9		J	/m³ (As Ni)			1 mg/m ³ (A	s Ni)			054-48-7
Potassium Hydr				/m ³ (Ceiling)			2mg/m ³ (C				10-58-3
SECTION III PHY		CAL CHAI					<u> </u>				
	CADMIUM		CAD		NI	СКЕ	L		(EL ROXIDE	-	ASSIUM DROXIDE
Boiling Point (F)	765°F (407°F)	N/A		27	'30°F	(1449°C)	N/A			2°F (716.6°C)
Specific Gravity	8.642		4.79		8.9	90		4.15		2.044*	
Vapor Pressure	N/A		N/A		N/	A		N/A		N/A	
Melting Point (F)	320.9°F(160.	5°F)	Decor 300°F	ecomposes to 1455°F(790.5°C) Decomposes 00°F to 230°F			360°	°F(182.2°C)			
Vapor Density	N/A		N/A		N/			N/A		N/A	
Evaporation Rate	N/A		N/A		N/	A		N/A		N/A	
Solubility in Water	Insoluble		Insolu	ıble		solut	ole	Insol		50% W/W	
Odor	None		None			one		None		None	
Appearance	Silver Color N		White		SI	ver (Color Metal	Grn-	Blk Salt	Whit	te
SECTION IV FIRE		ION HAZA									-
FLASH POINT (ME None	-		F	LAMMABLE I Non-Flamm		-		LEL	N/A		UEL N/A
EXTINGUISHING N				dia a Gar							
Use extinguishir SPECIAL FIRE FIG			unouh	ung me.							
Fire fighters sho	uld wear proper		e equip	oment and self	-con	taine	ed breathing a	appara	tus with fu	ll face-	piece operated in
positive pressure			าร								
Contact with stro				explosion Car	dmiu	ım aı	nd Nickel fum	nes are	toxic and	can ca	use death
SECTION V REAC						ui					and a court
STABILITY	UNSTAE	RI F			1	CO	CONDITIONS TO AVOID				
						00		57400			
	STABLE										
					Х		N/A				
INCOMPATIBILITY Strong oxidizing								_			
HAZARDOUS DEC None				CTS							
HAZARDOUS	MAY OC	CUR				CO	NDITIONS T	O AVC	DID		
			2		х		N/A				
	WILL NC		`		^		IN//A				

BA-24-34-00

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

SECTION VI HEALTH HAZARD DATA									
ROUTE OF ENTRY:	INHALATION	ABSORPTION	INGESTION						
	Unlikely	Unlikely	No						
HEALTH HAZARDS (AC	HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE and CHRONIC):								
Under normal conditions of use, no exposure to hazardous components exists. If incinerated, inhalation of fumes may cause respiratory systems irritation, fumes will also irritate eye tissues (acute); chronic exposure may cause kidney dysfunction and lung injury.									
CARCINOGENICITY:	NTP	IARC MONOGRAPHS	OSHA REGULATED						
	Not established for batteries	Not established for batteries	Not established for batteries						
(NICKEL AND CADMIU	M ARE LISTED AS POTENTIAL C	ARCINOGENS BY NTP, IARC, AN	D OSHA)						
SIGNS and SYMPTOMS	of EXPOSURE:								
If incinerated, chest p	ain, coughing, sweating, chills, sho	ortness of breath and weakness alon	g with possible eye irritation.						
MEDICAL CONDITIONS	GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY	EXPOSURE:							
		sorders, liver and kidney disorders, v	vision problems.						
EMERGENCY FIRST AI	D PROCEDURES:	·	· · ·						
If contact with potass exposure and contact		h water for 15 minutes and contact p	hysician; if inhaled, remove from						
	TIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AN	ID USE							
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED									
Battery and cell case hydroxide.	Battery and cell cases will normally contain materials of concern. Use industrial absorbent to collect liquid potassium								
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD									
Cells and batteries m Disposal shall be by	· ·	e to a Permitted Treatment, Storage,	Disposal Facility (TSDF).						
	TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STOP	RING							
Do not invert. Avoid	breaking, crushing, or otherwise de	estroying the physical integrity of the	cell or battery.						
SECTION VIII CONTR									
		ne liquid in the battery, i.e., potassiunts and protective clothing to minimize							
	SECTION IX TRANSPORTATION								
SHIPPING NAME									
Battery, Dr	Battery, Dry For transportation purposes these sealed nickel-cadmium batteries are non-hazardous and not subject to any of the provisions of Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 170-189								
Battery, W			<u> </u>						
Battery, W	Battery, Wet Filled with alkali UN2795								

BA-24-34-00



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

16.0 WARRANTY INFORMATION

16.1 Product Warranty Registration

MarathonNorco Aerospace, Inc. includes a warranty registration card with the shipment of each new vented nickel-cadmium battery. The warranty registration card must be validated by a MarathonNorco Aerospace, Inc. authorized distributor/dealer, then filled out and mailed within 30 days of the date of purchase to MarathonNorco Aerospace, Inc.

16.2 Product Warranty See Page 1602

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

WARRANTY

MarathonNorco Aerospace, Inc. P.O. Box 8233, Waco, Texas 76714 (254) 776-0650 8301 Imperial Drive, Waco, Texas 76712 (254) 776-6558 fax

Vented Nickel-Cadmium Battery Limited Warranty and Limitation of Liability (Including Limitation of Consequential Damages)

a) Seller warrants that the Goods are free from defects in Seller's materials and workmanship.

b) The Warranty set forth in (a) above (the "Warranty") shall apply only in favor of Buyer and shall expire on the last day of a period of six month commencing on the date of delivery of the Goods by Seller to Buyer UNLESS on or before the last day of such six (6) month period the Buyer or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, customers or successors in possession of the Goods, deliver the Goods, either separately or as part of any device, material or thing manufactured or fabricated by buyer, its subsidiaries or affiliates, customers or successors in possession of the Goods to a user, in which event the Warranty shall expire on the last day of a period of (one year for standard product; 2 years for superpower product) commencing on the date of delivery of the Goods to such User.

c) THE WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY MADE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS:

1) The Warranty shall not apply to any Goods which have been repaired or altered by anyone other than Seller in any way so as, in Seller's judgment, to affect their stability, reliability, or performance not to any Goods which have been subjected to unreasonable use, negligence, or accident, nor to any Goods which have not been used in accordance with Seller's printed instructions, not to any Goods which have been damaged because of their use, or the use of any other materials or equipment, after Buyer has actual knowledge of such defects.

2) The extent of Seller's liability for any breach of the Warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing (whichever of the two Seller, in its sole discretion, shall elect) any defects in Goods attributable to Seller's workmanship or materials at Seller's plant in Waco, Texas with the Good to be returned to said plant at the risk and expense of the Buyer, provided, however, that the Warranty shall not be effective unless, (I) Seller receives a written claim therefor within 30 days after the discovery of the defect and (II) Seller is given the opportunity to conduct the verification tests described in the next succeeding sentence. In the event a written claim is made by Buyer under the Warranty, Seller shall have the right (but not the obligation) to verify by its own representatives, the nature and extent of the defects complained of PRIOR TO THE TIME THAT THE GOODS ARE RETURNED TO SELLER, and if in fact no breach of Warranty has occurred, the Buyer shall pay a reasonable per diem fee for and the reasonable expenses incurred by such representatives. After the existence of a defect has been verified by Seller's representatives and written notice thereof has been given by Seller to the Buyer (or after Seller has in writing notified the Buyer that Seller will conduct the verification tests at Seller's plant) the Buyer shall at its own risk and expense return the Goods in question to Seller's plant in Waco, Texas. Seller will have no obligation whatsoever to accept delivery of any returned Goods unless the provisions set forth in this subparagraph (2) have been satisfied in full. Any Goods that are repaired or replaced by Seller pursuant to this subparagraph (2) shall be warranted for the remaining term of this Warranty. THE AFORESAID REMEDY IS EXPRESSLY AGREED TO BE THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR BREACH OF THE WARRANTY, accordingly, without limitation of the generality of the foregoing. Seller shall not be obligated in any event of breach of said Warranty to return any portion of the purchase price of the Goods or to give credit for any payments received.

d) THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES (EXCEPT OF TITLE), EXPRESSLY IMPLIED (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR AND PARTICULAR PURPOSE) OR STATUTORY, AND ALL OTHER LIABILITIES (CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION NEGLIGENCE), SELLER MAKES NO WARRANTY WHATSOEVER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OF STATUTORY TO ANY PERSON OR ENTITY OTHER THAN BUYER IN NO EVENT WHATSOEVER SHALL SELLER BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF PROFITS OR ANY OTHER INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM AND DEFECTION THE GOODS OR ANY BREACH OF THE WARRANTY.

e) The foregoing warranty and limitation of liability shall apply unless otherwise agreed in writing signed by Buyer and by a corporate officer of Seller.



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

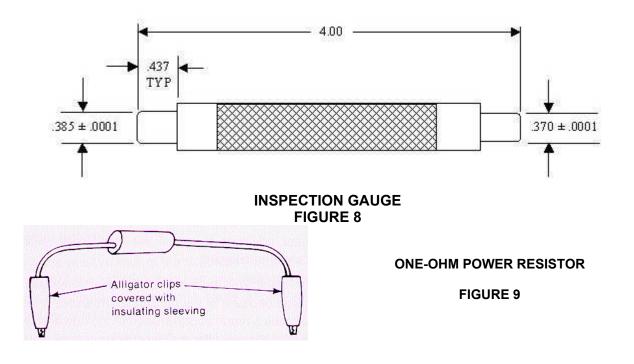
17.0 SPECIAL TOOLS

17.1 Nickel-cadmium Battery Maintenance Kit

MarathonNorco Aerospace, Inc. has made available through distributors, a battery maintenance kit (P/N 32480-001). Items contained within the kit are listed as follows:

QTY REQUIRED	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
1	Case, Marked w/Pads	32535-001
22	Discharge Clip	31379-001
1	Cell Puller, Universal	32515-001
1	Vent Wrench	25624-001
1	Socket Bit (T-30)	30938-001
1	Adapter, Syringe Tip Black	32479-004
1	Adapter, Syringe Tip Blue	32479-003
1	Adapter, Syringe Tip White	32479-002
1	Adapter, Syringe Tip Green	32479-001
1	Syringe, 20cc	32415-001

Additional items recommended for servicing that are not included in the maintenance kit are illustrated in Figures 8 and 9. These items may be obtained through a MarathonNorco Authorized Distributor, or may be fabricated locally.



COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

18.0 Record Keeping

Associated with good maintenance practices is the keeping of accurate records. These records serve as a verification of the maintenance procedure and provide information for establishing optimum servicing schedules in keeping with individual usage of the battery.

Documentation of battery servicing is not only required for warranty consideration, it is vital to the proper diagnosis of problems. Should a battery malfunction, its complete history will then be available to assist in the determination of the problem. It must be remembered that a battery is a collection of cells and that if only battery terminal voltages are observed, the problems with an individual cell may go undetected. A strong cell will compensate for a weak cell, therefore, individual cell voltages must be observed and recorded. The Battery Service Data Sheet on Page 1802 may be utilized for most nickel-cadmium service requirements.

NOTE: In some organizations cell number 1 is the most positive. In other organizations cell number 1 is the most negative. It is important that all people within an organization utilize the same system when referring to cell positions

COMPONENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL NICKEL-CADMIUM AIRCRAFT BATTERIES

BATTERY SERVICE DATA SHEET												F	ile							_			
												P	age			of	: <u> </u>			_			
Work Order						Aircraft Type Aircraft No.										_							
Battery S/N					Hours in Service																		
Battery Type					_	Se	rvice	e Pe	rforr	ned	by					_							
Specifications	Main Chg. Amps											Top Chg. Amps											
		Torque in Lbs.										Cap. Test Amps											
			Sen	Sensor																			
Inspections (🗸)																							
Initial Visual Elect. Leakage							Torque Vents						Deep Cycle No										
Connector(s)								Sensor					Final Inspection										
												÷											
TESTS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
Main Chg. Volts																							
30 Minutes																							
Time to 1.55V																							
Initial H ₂ O CCs																							
Top Chg. Volts	r	1	r	T	r	r		1	r –	1	r	1	1	1	1	r –	r	r –					
15 Minutes																							
30 Minutes																							
60 Minutes																							
90 Minutes																							
120 Minutes																							
Total H ₂ O CCs																							
Capacity Volts 15/30 Minutes		1		1						1		1	1	1	1			<u> </u>				1	
30/60 Minutes					-				<u> </u>			-											
45/90 Minutes												-											
					-				<u> </u>			-											
51/120 Minutes																							
Approved for service	vice												Da	te									